211,762.-Purification of paraffine oils. Thomas Marrin.
Treatment of the oil with sludge acid, and neutralizing the decanted and washed paraffine oil.
211,782.-Liquid dryers for oils, paints, etc. A. W. Pratt.
A compound consisting of oil, rosin, caustic soda and a solution of chloride of manganese.

Feb. 4, 1879.
211,909.-Alloys for metric gold coin. Wm. W. Hubbelic.
Gold, 30 pts.; silver, 1.5 ; copper, 3.5 pts.
211,928.-Compositions for drying paints and oils. A. W. Pratt.
To the ingredients described under No. 211,782 is added a certain quantity of some lead-salt.

211,961.-Processes for bronzing wood, porcelain, glass, metal, etc. R. Boettaer.
The articles are coated with a thin film of soluble glass, and the powder applied to the wet surface by means of a sieve or duster.

212,016 and 212,017.-Manufacture of white pigments. H. Knight.
Precipitated zinc sulphide, barium sulphate and magnesium carbonate, are mixed, calcined and ground.

212,058.-Rubber oils. G. L. Scott and Cyrus McCumber.
A composition consisting of india rubber, linseed oil, a variety of rosins and gums. together with benzol, naphta, turpentine and lead preparations.
212,077.-Manufacture of alloys, etc. N. W. Williames.
Claim : The hardening and toughening of metal castings and alloys. by applying to the surface of the molten metal pieces of horn or analogous material.

Feb. 11, 1874.
212,094.-Manufacture of hydriulic cement. I. A. Francis.
Proposes to utilize in this manufacture coal-dust, coal ashes and sewer mud, or refuse lime from tanneries, and parting sand from foundries.

212,150.-Artificial fuel. F. F. E. Muck.
Consists of coal-dust and decomposed fucus.
Feb. 18, 1879.
212,381.-Flavoring compounds for tobacco. D. Sternberg.
Claim : A solution of valerian-root and the following ingredients : cassia-fistula, tonka-bean, peruvian balsam, orange-blossom oil, essence valerian, butyric ether, orange-blossoms, orange-peel, tamarinds or prunes, vanilla-bean and castor.

